COMMITTEES ON PENSIONS.

For the information of those interested we publish the following brief biographies of the remaining Members of the Senate and House Committees on Pensions.

HENRY M. TELLER, of Central City, was born in Allegany county, New York, May 23d, 1830; studied law, was admitted to the bar in New York, and has since practiced; removed to Illinois in 1858, and from there to Colorado in 1861; never held office until he was elected to the United States Senate (on the admission of Colorado as a State) as a Republican, and took his seat December 4, 1876, and was reelected December 11, 1876.

ORVILLE H. PLATT, of West Meriden, was bern at Washington, Connecticut, July 19, 1827; received an academic education; studied law at Litchfield; was admitted to the bar in 1849, and has since practiced law at Meriden; was clerk of the State Senate of Connecticut in 1855 and 1856; was Secretary of State of Connecticut in 1857; was a member of the State Sepate in 1861 and 1862; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1864 and 1869, serving the last year as Speaker; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879.

HENRY W. BLAIR, of Plymouth, was born at Campton, New Hampshire, December 6, 1834; received a common-school and academic education; studied law with William Leverett, at Plymouth; admitted to the bar in May, 1859, and has since practiced; was appointed Prosecuting Attorney for Grafton county in 1860; served in the Union Army as Lieutenant Colonel of the Fifteenth New Hampshire Volunteers; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1860, and of the State Senate in 1867-'68; was elected a Representative in the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses as a Republican, and declined a renomination to the House of Representatives of the Forty-sixth Congress. He was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, and took his seat June 20, 1879.

Faryland, April 4, 1838; is a practicing lawyer; in 1867 he was elected a member of the convention which framed the present constitution of Maryland; in 1871 he represented his county in the House of Delegates; in 1872 he was elected Presidential Elector and voted for the Hon. Themas A. Hendsession, to accept the position of Governor of the State, made vacant by the resignation of the Hon. States Senator; his term as Governor expired in the United States Senate as a Democrat, and took

his seat March 18, 1879. JAMES H. SLATER, of La Grande, was bern in Sangamon county, Illinois, December 28, 1826; tory of Oregon for Benton county from 1853 to 1856; was elected a member of the Legislative Assembly of that Territory in 1857, and again elected in 1858, and at the same time elected a member of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon; was elected District Attorney in the Fifth Judicial District in 1866; was elected Presidential Elector on the Seymour ticket in 1868; was elected a Representative from Oregon in the Forty-second Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, and took his seat March 18, 1879.

J. N. CAMDEN, of Parkersburg, West Va., was born in Lewis county of that State in 1828; was admitted to the bar in 1861; practiced law and served two terms as prosecuting attorney of Braxton county; is largely engaged in business pursuits; elected to the Senate as a Democrat. HOWELL E. JACKSON was born at Paris, Tenn.,

April 8, 1832; received a classical education, graduating at West Tennessee College in 1848; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1856; has held various State offices; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat.

CHARLES H. VAN WYCK, of Nebraska City, Neb., was born at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in November, 1824; graduated at Rutger's College, New Jersey; studied and practiced law; entered the Union army as colonel of the Tenth Legion, or Fifty-sixth New York Volunteers, and commanded it during the war, receiving the rank of Brigadier-General; was elected to the Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses; removed to Nebraska in 1874; and was elected to the United States Senate in 1880 as a Republican.

JOHN I. MITCHELL, of Willsbero, was born in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1838; received a common-school education, and passed some time at the Lewisburg University; taught school; served in the Union army as a lieutenant and captain in the One Hundred and Sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers; was admitted to the bar in 1864, and has since practiced law; was member of State Legislature five years, and was elected to the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congresses, and to the United States Senate as a Republican. House.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE PAYMENT OF PEN-

SIONS, BOUNTY, AND BACK PAY. STEPHEN D. LINDSEY, of Norridgewock, Maine, was born March 3, 1828; received an academic education; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and commenced practice in 1853; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1856, and of the Senate in 1868-'70, and President of the Senate in 1869; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses as a Republican.

ROBERT M. A. HAWK, of Mount Carroll, was born in Hancock county, Indiana, April 23, 1839; entered the Union army as first lieutenant September 4. 1862: was promoted to captain, February, 1863; was brevetted major for soldierly conduct, the commission bearing date April 10, 1865; was clerk of the county court of Carroll county, Illinois, from December 13, 1865, to February 27, 1879, having been elected four times in succession to that office; and was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses as a Republican.

WASHINGTON C. WHITTHORNE, of Columbia, was born in Marshall county, Tennessee; graduated at the East Tennessee University, Knoxville, in 1843; studied law, and has since practiced; was a member of State Legislature for several years; was upon the Breckinridge electoral ticket for the State at large in 1860; was assistant adjutant-general in the provisional rebel army of Tennessee in 1861, and was afterward adjutant-general of the State, which position he held under Governor Harris until the close of the rebellion; his disabilities were removed by act of Congress approved July, 1870; was elected to the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, and Forty-fifth Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth Congress as a Democrat.

A. G. CURTIN, of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, was born in 1817. Educated for and practiced the law: has been secretary of State of Pennsylvania, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Governor, and Minister to Russia. Was elected to Congress as a Demograt.

JAMES MOSGROVE, of Kittanning, Pennsylvania, was born in 1821, has been in the iron business since 1845, and is now President of the First National Bank of his native town. Was elected to Congress as a Democrat.

NOT TO BE FORGOTTEN.

Heads of Departments, superintendents of public buildings, and commandants of navy-yards, &c., should keep in view the law of the land, as laid down in the Revised Statutes, Sec. 1754, to wit:

Sec. 1754. Persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service by reason of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty, shall be preferred for appointments to civil offices, provided they are found to possess the business capacity necessary for the

proper discharge of such offices. The next section is not mandatory in its character, but is a good recommendation that ought to be

kept in view by all good citizens. Sec. 1755. In grateful recognition of the services, sacrifices, and sufferings of persons honorably discharged from the military and naval service of the country, by means of wounds, disease, or the expiration of terms of enlistment, it is respectfully recommended to bankers, merchants, manufacturers, mechanics, farmers, and persons engaged in industrial pursits, to give them the preference for appointment to remuncrative situations and employments.



The success which has thus far attended our reduction of rates to One Dollar leads us to extend the time until March 31, 1882. ONE DOLLAR mailed us before March 31 will secure THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE or one year. Send on your subscriptions at once.

SAMPLE COPIES FREE.—SEND FOR ONE. The National Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNION VETERAN CORPS.

The Union Veteran Corps, organized April 9, 1880, and composed exclusively of honorably discharged Union Soldiers and Sailors, members of the Grand Army of the Republic, intend holding a Grand Mil-James B. GROOME, of Elkton, was born at Elkton, | itary and Civic Fair at Masonic Temple, in the city of Washington, commencing February 27, 1882, un-der the patronage of the following named gentlemen: Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, Sec. War; Gen. U.S. Grant; Gen. W. T. Sherman, U. S. A.; Gen. R. C. Drum, Adjutant-General, U. S. A.; Gen. J. B. Ricketts, U. S. A.; Gen. David Hunter, U. S. A.; Hon. ricks for President; in 1873 he was re-elected to John A. Logen, U. S. S.; Hon. Joseph R. Hawley, the House of Delegates, but resigned early in the U. S. S.; Hon. J. Warren Keifer, Speaker House Reps.; Hon. H. M. Hoyt, Governor Penna.; Hon. Thomas M. Bayne, M. C., Pa.; Hon. S. C. Houk, Wm. Pinkney White, who had been chosen United M. C., Tenn.; Gen. Amos Webster, Adj't-Gen. D. C.: Hon. Frank Hatton, 1st Ass't P. M. Gen.; Hon. January, 1876; in January, 1878, he was elected to W. W. Dudley, Com. Pensions; Hon. Geo. C. Gorham, Editor National Republican.; Col. George W. Hooker, Serg't-at-Arms, House Reps.; Maj. Geo. S. Merrill, Commander in Chief, G. A. R.; Capt. Wm. Gibson, Commander Department Potomac, G. A. R.; received a common-school education; emigrated to Gen. W. E. Ross, Past Commander Department, Md., California in 1849; settled in Oregon in 1850; G. A. R., and others. The object of the fair is to raise studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1854; funds for the purpose of increasing and uniforming served as Clerk of the District Court of the Terri- the corps to the number, at least, of one hundred. There being no militia law and no provision for maintaining military organizations in the District of Columbia, and as the corps embraces in its membership representatives from nearly every State in the Union, as well as every corps in the army during the late war, and as it may truly be said that it is the only national military veteran organization in the country, its members feel that they can confidently appeal to their comrades and friends without reference to locality, to aid them in their efforts to build up and maintain a first-class military company at the Capital of the Nation. Contributions of money and articles of every character and description are therefore respectfully solicited, and will be most thankfully received and duly acknowledged through the local press and by mail. Cash contributions and articles donated may be sent to Captain S. E. Thomason, formerly of the One Hundred and Seventy-sixth New York, at the armory of the corps, 930 Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C. The members of the Corps, whose names appear below, are from all parts of the country, and their former comrades in arms will doubtless gladly contribute to the objects in view.

Captain S. E. Thomason, 14th N. Y. Vols., and 176th N. Y. Vols.

1st Lieutenant M. E. Urell, 2d N. Y. State Militia. 2d Lieutenant T. B. Harrison, 159th N. Y. Vols., and 10th U. S. H. Artillery, (colored.) 3d Lieutenant Z. E. Thomas, 1st Iowa and 11th Missouri Cavalry.

Surgeon F. Donohue, 94th N. Y. Vols. and 105th N. Q. M. E. L. Grant, 127th and 145th Pa. Vels.

Adjutant Geo. E. Corson, 17th U.S. Infantry. Commissary W. H. Hoover, Co. "A" W. L. Inf. Inspector W. A. Short, 1st Excelsior Regt. 70th N. Engineer C. Ebert, 1st N. Y. Vol. Inf. Color Serg't. C. Hartell, 2d Md. Vols.

1st Serg't Robert Nelson, 2d U. S. Inf. 2d Serg't W. T. Kelly, 2d D. C. Vols. 3d Serg't Frank Clark, 14th N. Y. State Militia. 4th Serg't J. Nich. Callan, 2d Battery and 2d Regt. D. C. Vols. 5th Serg't Fred Thomson, 1st Conn. Cav.

1st Corp. L. T. Jewett, Mass. 6th and 14th Vols. 2d Corp. T. S. Hussey, 12th W. V. Inf. 3d Corp. James M. Edgar, 71st Penn. Vols. and 11th Missouri Cavalry. 4th Corp. John M. Knowles, U. S. A. Regulars. 5th Corp. Mich. B. Buckley, 2d U. S. Cav. 6th Corp. R. E. Smith, 62d Penn. Vols. 7th Corp. S. M. Gordon, 52d Ohio Vols. 8th Corp. W. H. Fuss, D. C. Vols.

Drum-Major C. H. Bliss, Ills. Vols. Ackerman, M. L., 40th N. J. Vols. Boyd, C. C., 11th Md. Vols. Breman, James, 127th N. Y. Vols. Brown, C. W., 5th Ken. Vols. Burke, T. S., Mass. Vols. Beach, D. W., Ills. Vols. Cook, L. B., 16th Regt. U. S. A. Collins, J. H., Penn. Vols. Carnell, J. F., Penn. Res.

Campbell, Jas. D., Penn. Vols. Dickinson, John H., Metropolitan Rifles and 50th N. Y. Vols. Daniels, Paul, U. S. Navy. Fenton, D. W., Penn. Vols. Guilford, William, U. S. Navy. Gardner, H., 34th Mass. Vols. Hunt, J. B., 51st N. Y. Vols. Hinchman, W. H., U. S. Navy. Hopkins, F. T., Tyler's Battery Joyce, Austin, 181st Ohio Vols. Murphy, D. A., 5th Conn. and 20th Conn. Vols. Myers, W. H., 85th and 188th Penn. Vols.

Moulder, John N., Hospital Steward U.S. A. Neale, F. D., U. S. Navy. Perkins, C. A., 6th Maine Vols. Robinson, A. N., Ind. Vols. Shaw, A. D., D. C. Vols. and 71st Penn. Vols. Shortell, John, 2d Bat. D. C. Vols., 1st Maine, and

1st Md. Cav. Spencer, W. J., Wis. and Minn. Vols. Stewart, James A., 155th Penn. Vols. Traphagen, P. S., 7th Ill. Cav. Welch, J., Penn. Vols. Chase, B. F., 31st Ill. Vols. Franklin, Benj., 2d Bat. D. C. Vols.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

A perusal of the February number of this enterprising monthly will satisfy even those who are inclined to be captious that the publishers are determined to keep their place in the front rank of those whom we may designate as purveyors of literature and interesting information for the people. In "A Clever Town Built by Quakers" we have a bird's-eye view of Philadelphia in its social aspect, and "French Political Leaders" introduces the reader to some of the leading spirits of Republican France. Mr. W. H. Bishop contributes a paper upon "Commercial, Social, and Political Mexico" which cannot fail to interest, and Mr. John Fiske deals with "The Romance of the Spanish and French Explorers in the New World." In our judgment, however, the most timely article and of deepest interest is that upon the American Life-Saving Service, the operations of which are little known outside of official circles. Several short stories, a continuation of the serial "Anne," poems, and the usual gossip and miscellany make up a most readable number.

Harper & Brothers, publishers, New York city.

ARREARS OF PENSION -- HOW SENATORS AND MEMBERS VOTED.

Vote in the Senate. The question being taken by yeas and nays resulted—yeas, 44; nays, 4, as follows:

Allison, Iowa; Armstrong, Mo.; Barnum, Conn.; Blaine, Me.; Booth, Cal.; Bruce, Miss.; Butler, S. C.; Burnside, R. I.; Christiancy, Mich.; Cockrell, Mo.; Conkling, N. Y.; Davis, Ills.; Dawes, Mass.; Dennis, Md.; Dorsey, Ark.; Ferry, Mich.; Gordon, Ga.; Enris, Tenn.; Hill, Ga.; Hoar, Mass.; Howe, Wis.; Ingalls, Kan.; Jones, Fla.; Kellogg, La.; Kernan, N. Y.; McDonald, Ind.; McMillan, Mina.; McPherson, N. J.; Matthews, Ohio: Marrey Tex.; Mitchell Or.; Morrill, Vi.; Paddock YEAS-44. Ohio; Maxey, Tex.; Mitchell, Or.; Morrill, Vt.; Paddock, Neb.; Patterson, S. C.; Plumb, Kan.; Rollins N. H.; Saunders, Neb.; Sharon, Nev.; Spencer, Ala.; Thurman, Ohio; Voorhees, Ind.; Wadleigh, N. H.; Wallace, Penn.; Windom, Minn.

Davis, W. Va.; Hersford, W. Va.; McCreery, Ky.; Saulsbury, Del.

The yeas and navs were ordered.

Vote in the House of Representatives.

The question was taken; and there were—year, 164; nays, 61; not voting, 65; as follows:

YEAS-163.
Aldrich, Ills.; Bacon, N. Y.; Bagley, N. Y.; Baker John H., Ind.; Baker, William H., N. Y.; Banks, Mass.; Banning, Ohio; Bicknell, Ind.; Bisbee, Fla.; Blair, N. H.; Bliss, N. Y.; Bouck, Wis.; Boyd, Ills.; Bragg, Wis.; Brentano, Ills.; Brewer, Mich.; Briggs, N. H.; Browne, Ind.; Bundy, N. Y.; Burdick, Iowa; Butler, Mass.; Cain, S. C.; Calkins, Ind.; Campbell, Pa.; Cannon, Ills.; Caswell, Wis.; Chittenden, N. Y.; Claffin, Mass.; Clark, Iowa; Clymer, Pa.; Cobb, Ind. Cole, Mo.; Collins, Pa.; Conger, Mich.; Covert, N. Y.; Cox, Jacob D., Ohio; Cox, Samuel S., N. Y.; Crapo, Mass.; Cummings, Iowa; Cutler, N. J.; Danford, Ohio; Davis, Horace, Cal.; Dean, Mass.; Deering, Iowa; Denison, Vt.; Dickey, Ohio; Dunnell, Minn.; Eames, R. I.; Ellsworth, Mich.; Errett, Pa.; Evans, I. Newton, Pa.; Evans, James L., Ind.; Ewing, Ohio; Finley, Ohio; Foster, Ohio; Freeman, Pa.; Frye, Me.; Fuller, Ind.; Gardner, Ohio; Garfield, Ohio; Hamilton, Ind.; Hanna, Ind.; Hardenbergh, N. J.; Harmer, Pa.; Hørrison, Ills.; Hart, N. Y.; Hartzell, Ills.; Haskell, Kans.; Hayes, Ills.; Hazelton, Wis.; Henderson, Ills.; Henkle, Md.; Hiscock, N. Y.; Hubbell, Mich.; Humphrey, Wis.; Hungerford, N. Y.; Hunter, Ind.; Ittner, Mo.; James, N. Y.; Jones, Frank, N. H.; Jones, John S. James, N. Y.; Jones, Frank, N. H.; Jones, John S., Ohio; Jorgensen, Va.; Joyce, Vt.; Keifer, Ohio; Keightley, Mich.; Kelley, Pa.; Kenna, W. Va.; Ketcham, N. Y.; Lapham, N. Y.; Lathrop, Ills.; Lindsey, Me.; Lockwood, N. Y.; Loring, Mass.; Lynde, Wis.; Mackey, Pa.; Marsh, Pa.; Marsh, Ills.; McCook, N. Y.; McKinley, Ohio; McMahon, Ohio; Metcalfe, Mo.; Mitchell, Pa.; Monroe, Ohio; Morrison, Ills.; Muller, N. Y.; Neal, Ohio; Norcross, Mass.; Oliver, Lower O'Neill Pa.; Overton, Pa.; Page Cal.; Patter-Iowa; O'Neill, Pa.; Overton, Pa.; Page, Cal.; Patterson, G. W., N. Y.; Patterson, T. M., Col.; Peddie, N. J.; Phillips, Kans.; Pound, Wis.; Powers, Me.; Price, Iowa; Pugh, N. J.; Rainey, S. C.; Randolph, Tenn.; Rea, Mo.; Reed, Me.; Reilly, Pa.; Rice, Americus V., Ohio; Rice, William W., Mass.; Robertson, La.; Robinson, G. D. Mass.; Pygn, Kang.; Sappagen, Lau; Sapp son, G. D., Mass.; Ryan, Kans.; Sampson, Iowa; Sapp, Iowa; Sayler, Ohio; Sexton, Ind.; Shallenberger, Pa.; Sinnickson, N. J.; Smith, A. Herr, Pa.; Southard, Ohio; Sparks, Ills.; Springer, Ills.; Starin, N. Y.; Stenger, Pa. Stewart, Minn.; Stone, John W., Mich.; Strait, Minn. Townsend, Amos, Ohio; Townsend, M. I., N. Y.; Townshend, R. W., Ills.; Turner, Ky.; Turney, Pa.; Veeder, N. Y.; Wait, Conn.; Ward, Pa.; Warner, Conn.; Watson, Pa.; Welch, Neb.; White, Henry, Pa.; White, Michael D., Ind.; Williams, A. S. Mich.; Williams, Andrew, N. Y.; Williams, C. G., Wis., Willis, Benjamin A., N. Y.; Willits, Mich.; Wilson, W. Va.; Wren, Nev.

Acklen, I.a.; Aiken, S. C.; Bell, Ga.; Blackburn, Ky.; Blount, Ga.; Boone, Ken.; Bright, Tenn.; Cabell, Va.; Caldwell, Ky.; Caldwell, Tenn.; Candler, Ga.; Carlisle, Ky.; Clarke, Ky.; Cook, Ga.; Cravens, Ark.; Crittenden, Mo.; Davidson, Fla.; Davis, N. C.; Dibrell, Tenn.; Durham, Ky.; Eickhoff, N. Y.; Elam, La.; Ellis, La.; Evins, S. C.; Felton, Ga.; Forney, Ala.; Garth, Ala.; Gause, Ark.; Gibson, La.; Giddings, Tex.; Goode, Va.; Harris, Ga.; Harris, Va.; Herbert, Ala.; Hewitt, Ala.; Hooker, Miss.; House, Tenn.; Hunton, Va.; Jones, Ala.; Knott, Ky.; Ligon, Ala.; Mayham, N. Y.; McKenzie, Ky.; Mills, Tex.; Muldrow, Miss.; Phelps, Conn.; Pridemore, Va.; Reagan, Tex.; Riddle, Tenn.; Robbins, N. C.; Scales, N. C.; Schleicher, Tex.; Singleton, Miss.; Smith, Ga.; Steele, N. C.; Throckmorton, Tex.; Vance, N. C.; Whitthorne, Tenn.; Williams, Del.; Willis, Ky.; Yeates, N. C.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.

Lippincott's Magazine for February opens with an illustrated article, the first of two, on the Gulf Coast. The writer, Mr. Barton D. Jones, was sent by the Secretary of the Interior to examine the Government lands in that region, and the information he gives is novel and interesting. Dr. Felix L. Oswald has another article on Animal Pets, enlivened with anecdote and charmingly illustrated. "The Capture of Derne," by Charles Burr Todd, revives an almost forgotten episode in American history,—the expedition against Tripoli under General William Eaton, whose letters and diaries, as cited in the article, bear testimony to the adventurous spirit in which the enterprise was conceived and the difficulties amid which it was carried on. "An Afternoon in Rome," and a frontier sketch, "For Life," by Helen Campbell, are highly readable pa-

In fiction we have "Grant's Luck," by Mary Etta Smith, "A Vicar in Ebony," by M. A. Collins, "Bummer and Lazarus," by Margaret Hosmer, and the second installment of "Stephen Guthrie." There are poems by Rose Terry Cooke, Charlotta Perry, and Charles L. Hildreth, and many interesting papers in the editorial departments. J. B. Lippincott & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia,

THE CENTURY ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY.

It is only necessary to glance at the table of contents of the February (midwinter) number of this magazine in order to assure one's self that time will be profitably and pleasantly employed in reading the variety of matter which it presents. "The Tile Club Ashore;" "Brother Stolz's Beat," a paper relating to the early Moravian settlement at Bethlehem, Pa.; "Esmeralda," a play, by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett; "Humus Trismigistus," a new poem by Longfellow; "The Phidian Age of Sculpture;" "Significant Aspect of the Atlanta Exposition: " "The Proposed National Library Building:" and the serials, "A Modern Instance" and "Through One Administration," make up the principal articles, most of wnich are richly illustrated.

The usual literary chat, home topics, and bric-abrac complete the number. Published by the Century Company, New York

Last Saturday a large fire in Atlanta, Georgia, destroyed several hundred thousand dollars worth of property.

During the last week the Cumberland River reached a height never before known. Much damage was done by the inundation in the vicinity of Nashville, Clarksville, Johnsonville, and other points.

PATENTS!

GEORGE E. LEMON

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If you are advised that your invention is patentable, send \$20, to pay Government application fee of \$15, and \$5 for the Crawings required by the Government. This amount is payable when the application is made. This is all of the expense, unless a patent is allowed. When allowed the atterney's fee (\$25) and the final Government fee (\$20) is payable.

By these terms you know beforehand, for nothing, whether you are going to get a patent or not, and no attorney's fee is charged unless you do get a patent.

An attorney whose fee depends on his success in obtaining the patent will not advise you that your invention is patentable, unless it really is patentable, so far as his best judgment can aid in determining the question; hence, you can rely on the advice given after a preliminary examination is had.

DESIGN PATENTS and the REGISTRATION OF LABELS and TRADE-MARKS secured. CAVEATS prepared and filed.

Applications for the REISSUE OF PATENTS carefully and skillfully prepared and promptly prosecuted. Applications in revivor of rejected, abandoned, or forfeited cases made. Very often valuable inventions are saved in these classes of cases. If you have undertaken to secure your own patent

and failed, a skillful handling of the case may lead to success. Send me a written request addressed to the Commissioner of Patents that he recognize George E. LEMON, of Washington, D. C., as your attorney in the case, giving the title of the invention and about the date of filing your application. An examination will be made of the case, and you will be informed whether or not a patent can be obtained. This examination and report will cost you nothing.

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office decisions. SEARCHES made for title to inventions.

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ment of Patents. In fact, any information relating to Patents and to property rights in inventions promptly furnished on the most reasonable terms.

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FOSTER'S REMEDIES

FOR FAMILIAR AILMENTS.

No. I. — Blood - Purifying and Invigorating Pills.

Designed to take the place of the numerous quack medicines that flood the country with garish advertisements, and horrible, overdrawn descriptions of disease

These pills purify the blood by stimulating the organs which separate the worn-out and injurious materials from that fluid.

They are composed of remedies habitually prescribed by the Doctor himself, and by most respectable physi-

There is nothing secret or superhuman about them. They have been proved to be efficient in all cases for which they are recommended.

The indications for their use comprise the following well-known symptoms, which are sometimes very serious indeed, and at others scarcely worthy of a second Headache, Pain in the Back and Limbs, a Coated

Tongue, Foul Breath, Disordered Digestion, Yellowish Skin and Eyes, Constipation of the Bowels, Scantiness of Urine and Difficulty of Passing it, Low Spirits, Nervousness, Confusion of Mind, Palpitation of the Heart, Violent Throbbing at the Pit of the Stomach, Pain in the Side-

dull and aching-General Lassitude and Lack of Interest in Things Usually Interesting, &c., &c. This assemblage of symptoms, formidable though it may appear, strung out in even this simple way, has usually one single underlying cause, and this is-Indo-

lence on the part of the lungs, the kidneys, the liver. In cases of "biliousness," you will find the skin mud-dy and dry, the breath short and easily lost on slight exertion, the urine scanty, hot, and hard to pass.

What conclusion, then, is reached? That the skin is at fault as much as the liver; the kidneys as much as the skin; and the lungs as much as

any of the others. This is the true theory of the nature of a "bilious attack" and it is the foundation of respectable medical treatment of that condition.

The object of the class of remedies here proposed is to enable the public to heal themselves in all proper cases that is, in cases where they can do so with safety. The Blood-Purifying and Invigorating Pills are coated with pure gelatine.

They are practically tasteless; are made in two sizes. small for children and large for adults; and in price are much lower than any quack pill extant. They will be sent in boxes of 25 pills, with full directions for use, to any address, postage prepaid, on receipt

Price, 20 Cents per Box.

No reduction can be made for any number of boxes whatever. The price for one box is the very lowest that any good article of this kind can possibly be sold for, Small sums can be sent in postage stamps or in silver coin, by wrapping it in soft paper and enclosing it in a securely sealed envelope, stamped and addressed as be-

with Town, County and State carefully included. Correspondence is invited. Stamps should be enclosed for reply.

Name and address of sender should be written plainly,

D. L. FOSTER, M. D., 1001 South 20th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Answers to Correspondents.

We are obliged to answer certain inquiries of the same nature in each issue of our paper. While we cheerfully furnish information to subscribers in this column, we suggest that much labor, time, and expense may be saved both to ourselves and to our correspondents, if the latter and other subscribers would keep a file of the paper. They could then, at any time, turn to the flie and probably find the very inquiry answered about which they would have written to us. We trust that each and every subscriber will profit by this suggestion.

P. H. W., E. L., OHIO.—See THE NATIONAL TRI-BUNE January 14. Pension Office ratings.

A. B. E., ROCHESTER, MINN.-Increase on new disability under existing law would only commence from date of filing, unless application was made prior to July 1, 1880. K. M., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.-The person who

wishes address of John Murray, should inform THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE in what company and regiment he enlisted, and if possible, when and where discharged. Then the notice will be inserted. IJ. D., RESACA, CAL.-If you are disabled as a result of your wound or military service, you are

entitled to pension. But it would probably be difficult to establish your disability, inasmuch as you subsequently served eight years in the Regular army. You could only draw for period of the disability, and then only when not in the military or naval service of the United States.

J. W. B., HARRISONBURG, VA.-You can get the book by writing to the publishers, Charles Scribner's Sons, New York city. The price is one dellar, postage to be added. Or you might get it of booksellers in this city.

J. S., MARSHALL, ILL.—Both claims will probably be disposed of at the same time.

M. C., BLINN, ESSEX JUNCTION, Vr.-It takes from four to six months from date of completion of case for it to be reached in its order for action.

E. L., DES MOINES, IOWA.-Every true patriot should be ready to fight for his country whenever occasion demands that he should do so. The cost should not deter him from volunteering his services, nor should it prevent the Nation from being just and generous to him after the emergency had passed. If the ex-soldiers will only unite with THE NATION-AL TRIBUNE, giving it their support, we believe we can guarantee that justice will eventually be done

L. H. B., NIANTIC, ILL.-In answer to first and second question, we do not see that you can make any claim. In answer to third question: Testimony of comrades will be accepted when that of officers cannot be obtained.

G. W. L., RIDGEWAY, OHIO .- Will you send us name of soldier who, as you alleged, fired the shot killing Zollicoffer. 1. We do not think there is any immediate prospect of the passage of a bill granting land warrants for services in the last war. Such legislation may be had in time, however, though it is doubtful. 2. A soldier is entitled to a discharge at the end of each enlistment; but if he veteranized, that fact may be stated in the one dis-

J. F., HYMERA, IND .- 1. The first examination was not satisfactory. 2. You will be notified if your claim is rejected. 3. It is about time you heard

C. J. D., WELCOME, MINN.—The time varies from two to three weeks up to several months, according to the number of cases ahead of it awaiting action.

F. N. K., HENDERSON, N. J.-Something like three thousand claims were allowed last month. and we are satisfied no partiality was shown in favor of any particular locality. Your section represents only a small fraction, territorially, of New York even, and when you come to distribute the number of certificates granted among all the States, your proportion would be very little indeed. Your time will come, however, in due course.

C. W., CHOCONEST, PA.-1. If there are no living witnesses to the origin of disability, the soldier may obtain pension if there is record evidence showing the required facts. 2. The Government does not furnish means to enable claimants to procure evidence to establish their cases. 3. It is too early in the session to say whether the equalization bounty bill will pass or not. 4. The claim of soldier would not be favorably considered by Congress as long as it appears that the evidence necessary to prosecute claim in Pension Office can be furnished. The case must be rejected by the Department before Congress will act. 5. The soldiers have lost an enemy and gained a friend by change of Commissioner of Pen-

J. J. A., SUE CITY, Mo.—The delay is in the Pension Office. There is no better attorney than the one you now have. It takes the Department from four to six months to reach a case for examination after the last proofs are in-sometimes longer.

CAPT. P., TROY, N. Y.-We have a large amount of interesting matter concerning Libby Prisonmore than we can use for a year to come. We have retained your address, and if we find we can avail ourselves of your kind offer will write you.

G. W. M., ATHENS, PA .- The bills to which you refer will be published, probably in our next issue.

J. H. T., VERNON CENTRE, MINN.-The length of time required to settle a claim for increase of pension depends, to a great extent, upon the nature of the case-character of preofs required, &c. Mr. Lemon is a thoroughly reliable attorney, and will hasten matters as much as possible.

F. C., FERNANDINA, FLA.-You should hear from your case within two or three months. You will be notified so soon as it has been acted upon.

FAIRPLAY, BASS RIVER, N. B., CAN.-If you will request the Commissioner of Pensions to call upon the Second Auditor of the Treasury for the proofs to which you refer he will do so.

J. W. D., HAMBURG, IOWA.-Pay of privates increased to \$16 per month after May 1, 1864. There was no law increasing pay of teamsters above \$14 per month, but they were allowed from \$20 to \$25, according to the exigencies of the occasion demanding their services.

J. T., MOULTON, ALA.-Pensions of war 1812 date from passage of act March 9, 1878.

J. E. C., CLINTON, MASS .- Banks and Shields were in command of Winchester from May to June, 1862; General Julius White from June to September of the same year.

R. M., MIDDLETOWN CONN .- It is a rule of the Pension Office that no papers filed in a case can be

J. E., CASEY, ILL.—According to official reports, the following troops were stationed at Altona Pass, Georgia, October 5, 1864, viz: Seventh, Twelfth, Fiftieth, Fifty-seventh, and Ninety-third Illinois Volunteers, Twelfth Wisconsin Battery, and part of the Eighteenth Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, Seventh and Thirty-ninth Iowa, Fourth Minnesota Infantry Volunteers, Fourth Missouri Infantry Volunteers.

The present post-office addresses of the followingnamed persons are desired by subscribers to THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE. Any one able to give information touching their whereabouts will cor

favor by corresponding with us: 1. Sergeant Hickey, and privates Johnson and 1 ley, Company E, One Hundred and Sixty-New York Volunteers.

2. Captain Henry J. Sheets, Ninth Kentucky Cav alry.

3. William Spencer or James Spencer, form Company A, One Hundred and Twenty

Indiana Infantry. 4. Dr. Wyman, late Surgeon Twenty-first Missouri

Veteran Volunteers. 5. Some of the officers or men who were members of Company B, Twenty-eighth Illinois Inf

. Remaining answers next week.